

MATTHEW

5: 1-11

The Beatitudes

Why are peacemakers blessed? (5:9). _____

This does not describe those who live in peace, but those who actually bring about peace, overcoming evil with good. (David Guzik).

What does the future hold for those who are persecuted? (5:10). _____

For what sake are these blessed ones persecuted for? (5:10) _____

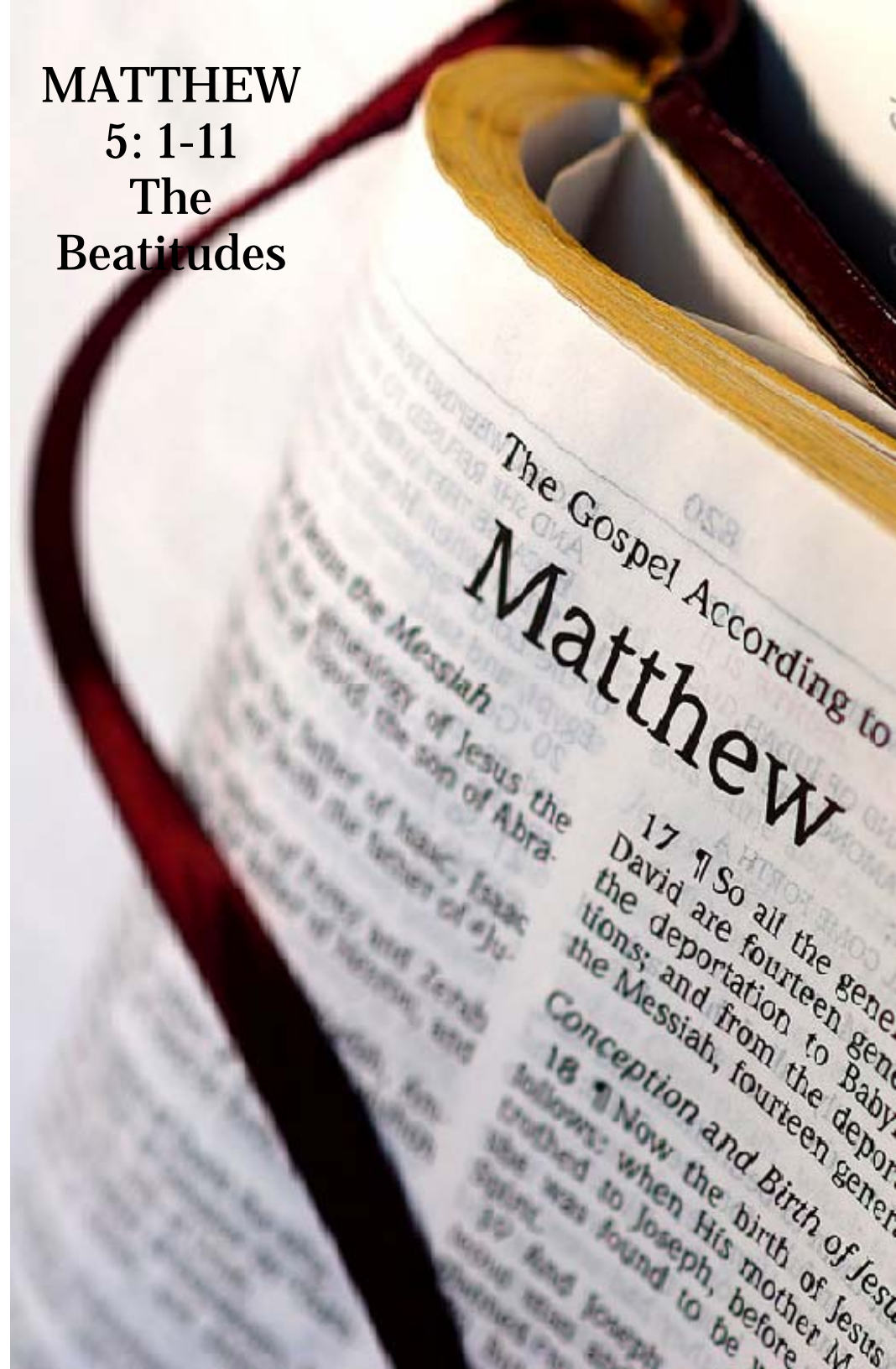
On whose account should persecution come by rather than our own faults? (5:11). _____

What people in history have endured this type of persecution? (5:12). _____

What should be our response if we are persecuted like them? (5:12). _____

How does the worlds list of admirable virtues (qualities) compare and contrast with these kingdom virtues?

What realistic steps can you take this week to make you hungrier and thirstier for righteousness?



What did Jesus do when He saw the Multitudes? (5:1).

Who came to Him as He sat down? (5:1). _____

He adopted the customary posture of teaching, as any rabbi in His day - the preacher sat and the audience stood.

What is a disciple? _____

What do think the difference is in being among the multitudes or a disciple? (5:1). _____

How did Jesus minister to the disciples? (5:2). _____

Blessed {mak-ar'-ee-os} = Happy. This happiness is not based on emotions but in our position with Christ.

Poor {pto-khos'} = Destitute of wealth, influence, position, and honor. Bankrupt. From the root word {Pip-to} = to descend from a higher place to a lower.

According to Jesus, what is the reward for those who are poor in spirit? (5:3). _____

What does Jesus say is the godly reaction to those bankrupt of the spirit? (5:4). _____

Why are those who mourn blessed? (5:4). _____

According to Paul, who administers this comfort? (2 Corinthians 1:3). _____

Comforted {par-ak-al-eh'-o} = to call to one's side, to console, to encourage and strengthen by consolation.

What is the reward for those who are Gentle? (5:5).

Gentle {prah-ooce} = mildness of disposition, gentleness of spirit, meekness

What can those who hunger and thirst for righteousness expect? (5:6). _____

Hunger {pi-nah'-o} = to be hungry; Metaphor: To crave ardently, to seek with eager desire.

Thirst {dip-sah'-o} suffer from thirst, figuratively: those who painfully feel their want of, and eagerly long for, those things, by which the soul is refreshed, supported, strengthened.

What does God promise to those who show mercy? (5:7).

What are some examples of showing mercy?

According to this passage, who will see God? (5:8)

Pure {kath-ar-os'} = has the idea of straightness, honesty, blameless, and innocent.